Unofficial Draft Copy As of: August 28, 2006 (2:06pm)

LC7799

**** Bill No. ****

Introduced By **********

By Request of the *******

A Bill for an Act entitled: "An Act providing a procedure for creating a new professional or occupational licensing board or program; requiring a letter of intent to accompany a bill draft request for a new professional or occupational licensing board or program; providing that a letter of intent may be submitted when adding professions or occupations to existing licensing boards; addressing prospective fees in the letter of intent; and providing a procedure for reviewing existing boards, consolidating boards, and resolving financial considerations for terminated boards."

WHEREAS, licensing boards or programs provide for selfregulation by professions or occupations and are authorized by the state through its role of protecting public health, safety, or welfare or providing for the common good; and

WHEREAS, documentation regarding the rationale for licensing a profession or occupation is helpful for legislators to use in determining whether the potential increase in cost to the public and limitation on competition is outweighed by the prospective protection of public health, safety, or welfare or provision for the common good; and

WHEREAS, advance information on costs better serves both potential licensees and legislators in determining the cost of a

board or a program.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Montana:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Purpose. It is the intent of the legislature to:

- (1) only exercise the police power of the state through the establishment of licensing boards when regulation of a profession or occupation serves the health, welfare, safety, or common good of the state's residents;
- (2) recognize those professions or occupations that require specialized skill or training; and
- (3) provide the public with a means to determine whether practitioners have met competency standards and to complain if the competency is suspect.

NEW SECTION. Section 2. Intent to CREATE new board. (1) A bill draft request to create a licensing board must include a letter of intent not exceeding 1,000 words that address the criteria in subsections (2) and (3).

- (2) The letter of intent must contain the following descriptions:
- (a) how licensing would protect and benefit the public and, in particular, how the unregulated practice of the profession or occupation would pose a hazard to public health, safety, welfare, or the common good;
 - (b) the extent of practitioners' autonomy, as indicated by

the degree of independent judgment that a practitioner must exercise or the extent of skill or experience required in making the independent judgment;

- (c) the distinguishable scope of practice;
- (d) the overlap or shared practices with an existing, licensed occupation or profession;
- (e) the degree, if any, to which licensing would restrict entry into the profession or occupation for reasons other than public health, safety, welfare, or the common good;
- (f) the specialized skills or training required for the profession;
 - (g) the proposed qualifications for licensure;
- (h) whether a grandfather clause would be provided to existing practitioners and whether those eligible for the grandfather clause would be required to meet proposed qualifications at a certain time;
- (i) a list of other states that license the profession or occupation;
- (j) regulatory alternatives other than licensing that are available to the practitioners of the profession or occupation; and
- (k) previous efforts, if any, to regulate the profession or occupation.
- (3) (a) In order to help in the determination of licensing costs, the letter of intent must contain a good faith effort to provide answers to the following questions:
 - (i) how many licensees are anticipated, including the number

of practitioners in Montana;

- (ii) what is the proposed makeup of the licensing board; and
- (iii) what are the projected annual licensing fees based on information from the department for all costs associated with a board of the projected size?
- (b) After receiving a copy of the letter of intent responses to subsection (2) and subsections (3)(a)(i) and (3)(a)(ii), the department shall assist those submitting a letter of intent under [section 2] or [section 3] with the responses to subsection (3)(a)(iii).
- (4) For the purposes of this section, a letter of intent is a public record.

NEW SECTION. Section 3. Intent to combine profession or occupation with existing board. (1) A bill draft request that proposes to license a profession or occupation by combining that profession or occupation with an existing board must contain a letter of intent if one of the following conditions applies:

- (a) the profession or occupation to be licensed falls under the supervisory authority of a profession or occupation with an existing board; or
- (b) the profession or occupation to be licensed has an overlapping scope of practice or dual licensure with a profession or occupation under an existing board.
- (2) A letter of intent to combine with an existing board must contain responses to the questions provided in [section 2].
 - (3) A letter of intent under this section is a public

record.

NEW SECTION. Section 4. Interim committee review of licensing boards, programs -- criteria -- termination -- consolidation. (1) Before January 1 of each even-numbered year, a legislative interim committee responsible for monitoring licensing boards and programs shall notify the department to which licensing boards are administratively attached if the committee plans to review one or more licensing boards or programs to determine the need for a board or a program and the financial solvency or appropriate administrative attachment of the board or program.

- (b) A review under subsection (1)(a) is separate from a performance audit conducted by the legislative audit committee.
 - (2) The focus of a review under subsection (1)(a) is:
- (a) to determine whether a board or program continues to be needed to protect public health, safety, welfare, or the common good by addressing the following questions:
- (i) does the improper practice of the occupation pose a physical, financial, or emotional threat to public health, safety, or welfare and is there evidence of harm from improper practice; and
- (ii) does the practice of the occupation require specific training or skills that make evaluation of competency difficult for the consumer; or
- (b) to assess the financial solvency of the board or program and the impact on consumers and on licensees if higher fees are

projected for the next biennium.

- (3) After the review the committee may draft legislation to:
- (a) terminate the board or program if the board or program is no longer needed for public health, welfare, safety, or the common good; or
- (b) combine a board with other licensing boards if a board meets the criteria in subsection (2)(a) of this section but has one of the following criteria:
- (i) is expected to have higher fees than if the board operates in combination with another board with similar interests;
 - (ii) has fewer than 200 licensees; or
 - (iii) has no or a limited number of complaints each year.
- (4) The legislative interim committee, after a review of the administrative attachment of a board or program, may propose legislation to administratively attach the board or program to a department that has responsibilities related to the board or program.

NEW SECTION. Section 5. Termination of licensing board, program -- deposit of fees. (1) If the legislature terminates a licensing board or program, the department of labor and industry may collect only delinquent licensing fees or fines, if provided by law, on behalf of the terminated licensing board or program. Continuing education and other requirements for maintaining a license lapse with the effective date of termination.

(2) (a) Fees collected on behalf of a board or program that

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is to be terminated must be deposited in the state special

revenue fund for the use of the board or program.

(b) Fees that are not needed for satisfying debt obligations

of the board or program may be used by the department to offset

the costs of the department to all boards and programs.

NEW SECTION. Section 6. {standard} Codification

instruction. [Sections 1 through 5] are intended to be codified

as an integral part of Title 2, chapter 8, and the provisions of

Title 2, chapter 8, apply to [sections 1 through 5].

NEW SECTION. Section 7. {standard} Saving clause. [This

act] does not affect rights and duties that matured, penalties

that were incurred, or proceedings that were begun before [the

effective date of this act].

- END -

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