

Unofficial Draft Copy

As of: October 15, 2014 (11:14am)

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**** Bill No. ****

Introduced By *****

By Request of the Water Policy Committee

A Bill for an Act entitled: "An Act for filing of certain water rights claims previously exempt from filing; creating a deadline for filing these claims; providing for a supplemental preliminary decree; providing for notice by county treasurers; amending sections 3-7-212, 15-16-101, 85-2-221, 85-2-222, 85-2-225, 85-2-231, 85-2-232, 85-2-233, and 85-2-234, MCA."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Montana:

Section 1. Section 3-7-212, MCA, is amended to read:

"3-7-212. Enforcement of decrees. The district court having jurisdiction may enforce the provisions of a final decree. In the absence of any final decree having been issued, the district court having jurisdiction may enforce the provisions of a temporary preliminary decree, or preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree entered under 85-2-231, as modified by a water judge after objections and hearings."

{*Internal References to 3-7-212: None.*}

Section 2. Section 15-16-101, MCA, is amended to read:

"15-16-101. Treasurer to publish notice -- manner of publication. (1) Within 10 days after the receipt of the property tax record, the county treasurer shall publish a notice

specifying:

(a) that one-half of all taxes levied and assessed will be due and payable before 5 p.m. on the next November 30 or within 30 days after the notice is postmarked and that unless paid prior to that time the amount then due will be delinquent and will draw interest at the rate of $\frac{5}{6}$ of 1% a month from the time of delinquency until paid and 2% will be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty;

(b) that one-half of all taxes levied and assessed will be due and payable on or before 5 p.m. on the next May 31 and that unless paid prior to that time the taxes will be delinquent and will draw interest at the rate of $\frac{5}{6}$ of 1% a month from the time of delinquency until paid and 2% will be added to the delinquent taxes as a penalty; and

(c) the time and place at which payment of taxes may be made.

(2) (a) The county treasurer shall send to the last-known address of each taxpayer a written notice, postage prepaid, showing the amount of taxes and assessments due for the current year and the amount due and delinquent for other years. The written notice must include:

(i) the taxable value of the property;

(ii) the total mill levy applied to that taxable value;

(iii) itemized city services and special improvement district assessments collected by the county;

(iv) the number of the school district in which the property is located;

(v) the amount of the total tax due that is levied as city tax, county tax, state tax, school district tax, and other tax; and

(vi) a notice of the availability of all the property tax assistance programs available to property taxpayers, including the property tax assistance program under 15-6-134, the extended property tax assistance program under 15-6-193, the disabled or deceased veterans' residence exemption under 15-6-211, and the residential property tax credit for the elderly under 15-30-2337 through 15-30-2341.

(b) If the property is the subject of a tax lien sale for which a tax lien sale certificate has been issued under 15-17-212, the notice must also include, in a manner calculated to draw attention, a statement that the property is the subject of a tax lien sale and that the taxpayer may contact the county treasurer for complete information.

(c) The notice must include a notice of filing deadline for exempt right water claims as provided in 85-2-222.

(3) The municipality shall, upon request of the county treasurer, provide the information to be included under subsection (2)(a)(iii) ready for mailing.

(4) The notice in every case must be published once a week for 2 weeks in a weekly or daily newspaper published in the county, if there is one, or if there is not, then by posting it in three public places. Failure to publish or post notices does not relieve the taxpayer from any tax liability. Any failure to give notice of the tax due for the current year or of delinquent

tax will not affect the legality of the tax.

(5) If the department revises an assessment that results in an additional tax of \$5 or less, an additional tax is not owed and a new tax bill does not need to be prepared."

{ Internal References to 15-16-101:

x2-9-212	x15-7-140	x15-16-118	x15-16-118
x15-16-119	x15-16-203	x20-15-403	}

Section 3. Section 85-2-221, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-221. Filing of claim of existing water right -- filing late claim. (1) A person claiming an existing right, unless ~~exempted~~ provided for under 85-2-222 or unless an earlier filing date is ordered as provided in 85-2-212, shall file with the department no later than June 30, 1983, a statement of claim for each water right asserted on a form provided by the department.

(2) The department shall file a copy of each statement of claim with the clerk of the district court for the judicial district in which the diversion is made or, if there is a claimed right with no diversion, the department shall file a copy of the statement of claim with the clerk of the district court of the judicial district in which the use occurs.

(3) Subject to certain terms and conditions, the legislature intends to provide for the remission of the forfeiture of existing rights to the use of water caused by the failure to comply with subsection (1). Accordingly, with respect only to a basin that has not been closed to further appropriation pursuant to a compact ratified by the legislature under part 7 of

this chapter prior to July 1, 1993, a claim of an existing water right not filed with the department on or before April 30, 1982, may be filed with the department on or before July 1, 1996, on forms provided by the department. This section is not intended to prevent the filing of a late claim in addition to a claim of an existing water right filed on or before April 30, 1982, if and to the extent that the additional right claimed is not the same as the right that was the subject of a previous claim and is not an abandoned right. Claims must be physically submitted to the department or sent by United States mail, postmarked on or before the deadline set forth in this subsection, in order to be considered timely. The claims are then subject to adjudication by the district courts as any other claim of existing right. The claimant is then subject to all rights and obligations of any other party, except that:

(a) a late claim must be incorporated into the adjudication, subject to all proceedings that have taken place prior to the date of filing;

(b) the person filing a late claim may request that a decree previously entered be reopened or may object to matters previously determined on the merits by the water court only to the extent that the request or objection is otherwise authorized by law and is based on a claim of water right filed on or before April 30, 1982;

(c) a person filing a late claim does not have the right or standing to object to any water rights compact reached in accordance with part 7 of this chapter that is ratified by the

legislature prior to July 1, 1993, except to the extent that right or standing to object exists based on a claim of water right filed on or before April 30, 1982, or to claim protection for the right represented in the late claim under any provision of such a compact that subordinates the use of a water right recognized in the compact to a right recognized under state law;

(d) if the water judge, following objection under 85-2-233, finds that the right represented in the late claim was the subject of a prior order or decree by the water judge or is otherwise without merit, the water judge shall award costs and reasonable attorney fees to the person or persons filing the objection;

(e) a right represented in a late claim is subordinate to all federal and Indian reserved water rights established by compact or decree under this chapter;

(f) unless a late claim either was placed in the United States mail and postmarked on or before April 30, 1982, or, if there is no evidence of the date of mailing, there is evidence of execution on or before April 30, 1982, and actual receipt by the department on or before May 7, 1982, the right represented in the claim is, in addition, subordinate to:

(i) rights represented in all valid, timely filed claims;
and

(ii) rights represented in a permit or reservation of water issued under this chapter if and to the extent that the person holding the permit or reservation files an objection under this part and proves that the person holding the permit or reservation

reasonably relied to the detriment of the person holding the permit or reservation upon the failure of the claimant to file a claim on or before April 30, 1982.

(4) The department and the district courts may not accept any statements of claim physically submitted or postmarked after July 1, 1996, and shall notify a person who files a claim after July 1, 1996, that the claim will not be accepted."

{ Internal References to 85-2-221:

x85-2-222	x85-2-225	x85-2-225	x85-2-225
x85-2-226	x85-2-227	x85-2-234	x85-2-237
x85-2-237	x85-2-243	x85-2-306	x85-20-401
x85-20-501	x85-20-601	}	

Section 4. Section 85-2-222, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-222. ~~Exemptions -- petition for determination~~

Definition - filing process - notice. (1) ~~Claims~~ As used in this part, an "exempt right" means those claims for existing rights for livestock and individual uses as opposed to municipal domestic uses based upon instream flow or ground water sources and claims for rights in the Powder River basin included in a declaration filed pursuant to the order of the department or a district court issued under sections 8 and 9 of Chapter 452, Laws of 1973, or under sections 3 and 4 of Chapter 485, Laws of 1975, which are exempt from the filing requirements of 85-2-221(1).

~~(2) The owner of an existing right exempt from filing under this section who did not voluntarily file a claim may request a judicial determination from the water court of the existing water right at least 90 days prior to issuance of a final decree pursuant to 85-2-234 or upon the reopening of a final decree~~

~~pursuant to 85-2-237, whichever occurs later.~~

~~(3) To request a judicial determination of an existing right exempt from filing, the owner shall:~~

~~(a) file a petition in the water court~~ A person claiming an exempt right may file with the department no later than February 28, 2018, a statement of claim for each water right asserted and pay a filing fee, including the cost of examination by the department under 85-2-243;

(b) submit information required by 85-2-224(1) and (2) on a form provided by the department; and

(c) provide and pay for the notice required by 85-2-233(6) or subsection (7).

(4) A claim of an ~~existing~~ exempt right undergoing judicial determination pursuant to this section constitutes prima facie proof of its content.

(5) The provisions of 85-2-233, 85-2-243, and 85-2-248, as well as supreme court examination rules, apply to ~~petitions for judicial determination~~ any statement of claim of an exempt right filed under this section, ~~except that the department may not resolve issue remarks.~~

(6) Failure to file a claim for an existing right exempt under this section ~~or failure to request a judicial determination for an existing right exempt under this section:~~

(a) does not result in the forfeiture of an existing water right; and

(b) subordinates the existing right to all other water rights except those exempt rights that are exempt from this

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~~section and for which there has been neither a claim has not been filed nor a judicial determination sought.~~

(7) Notice of this filing deadline shall be published once a week for three consecutive weeks in all Montana daily newspapers and in at least one newspaper in each Montana county. Notice shall be clearly posted in each county courthouse and shall be included with the property tax notice required by 15-16-101(2) until February 28, 2018.

(8) The department may not accept any statements of claim submitted or postmarked after February 28, 2018. The department shall notify a person who files a claim after February 28, 2018 that their claim will not be accepted."

{ Internal References to 85-2-222:

x15-16-101			
x77-1-134	x85-2-221	x85-2-225	x85-2-233
x85-2-233	x85-2-234	85-20-601	85-20-901
85-20-901	85-20-901	85-20-901	85-20-901
85-20-901	85-20-901	85-20-901	85-20-901
85-20-901	85-20-901	85-20-901	85-20-1501 }

Section 5. Section 85-2-225, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-225. Filing fee -- processing fee for remitted claims. (1) Each claim filed under 85-2-221 or 85-2-222 must be accompanied by a filing fee in the amount of \$40, subject to the following exceptions:

(a) the total filing fees for all claims filed by one person in any one water court division may not exceed \$480; and

(b) a filing fee is not required to accompany a claim of an existing right that is included in a decree of a court in the state of Montana and that is accompanied by a copy of that decree

or pertinent portion of the decree.

(2) A claim that is exempt from the filing requirements of 85-2-221(1) but that is ~~voluntarily~~ filed must be accompanied by a filing fee in the amount of \$40. Exempt claims for a single development with several uses if filed simultaneously may be accompanied by a filing fee in the amount of \$40.

(3) (a) In addition to the filing fee set forth in subsection (1), each statement of claim filed under 85-2-221(3) must be accompanied by a processing fee in the amount of \$150, which must be deposited in the general fund.

(b) The water judge shall assess against the late claimant all reasonable administrative costs and expenses that may be incurred by the court due to the filing of the late claim and the consideration of the objection, and the assessment must be deposited in the general fund."

{*Internal References to 85-2-225: None.*}

Section 6. Section 85-2-231, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-231. Temporary preliminary decree, and preliminary decree, and supplemental preliminary decree. (1) A water judge may issue a temporary preliminary decree prior to the issuance of a preliminary decree if the temporary preliminary decree is necessary for the orderly adjudication or administration of water rights.

(2) (a) The water judge shall issue a preliminary decree. The preliminary decree must be based on:

(i) the statements of claim before the water judge,

including those claims filed pursuant to 85-2-222 for a preliminary decree issued after February 28, 2018;

(ii) the data submitted by the department;

(iii) the contents of compacts approved by the Montana legislature and the tribe or federal agency or, lacking an approved compact, the filings for federal and Indian reserved rights; and

(iv) any additional data obtained by the water judge.

(b) The preliminary decree must be issued within 90 days after the close of the special filing period set out in 85-2-702(3) or as soon after the close of that period as is reasonably feasible.

(c) In basins where a water judge has issued a preliminary decree prior to March 1, 2018, the water judge shall issue a supplemental preliminary decree, containing only those claims for exempt rights filed between the date of issuance of the preliminary decree and the filing deadline as provided in 85-2-222 and for which notice has not been provided under 85-2-233(6).

~~(c)~~(d) The water judge may issue an interlocutory decree if an interlocutory decree is otherwise necessary for the orderly administration of water rights.

(3) A temporary preliminary decree may be issued for any hydrologically interrelated portion of a water division, including but not limited to a basin, subbasin, drainage, subdrainage, stream, or single source of supply of water, or any claim or group of claims at a time different from the issuance of other temporary preliminary decrees.

(4) The temporary preliminary decree ~~or~~, preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree must contain the information and make the determinations, findings, and conclusions required for the final decree under 85-2-234.

(5) If the water judge is satisfied that the report of the water master meets the requirements for the preliminary decree and is satisfied with the conclusions contained in the report, the water judge shall adopt the report as the preliminary decree. If the water judge is not satisfied, the water judge may recommit the report to the master with instructions or modify the report and issue the preliminary decree.

(6) The department shall examine claims in basins that were verified rather than examined as ordered by the water court. The objection and hearing provisions of Title 85, chapter 2, part 2, apply to these claims. (Subsection (6) terminates June 30, 2020--sec. 18, Ch. 288, L. 2005.)"

{ *Internal References to 85-2-231:*
x3-7-211 x3-7-212 x3-7-311 x85-2-141
x85-2-141 x85-2-233 x85-2-702 }

Section 7. Section 85-2-232, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-232. Availability of temporary preliminary, ~~or~~ preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree. (1) (a) The water judge shall send to the department a copy of a temporary preliminary decree, ~~or~~ preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree issued for a basin.

(b) The water judge shall serve by mail a notice of availability of the temporary preliminary decree, ~~or~~ preliminary

decree, or supplemental preliminary decree to each person who has filed a claim of existing right within the decreed basin or to that person's successor as documented in the department's records.

(c) The water judge shall also serve by mail a notice of availability of the temporary preliminary decree, ~~or~~ preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree to the purchaser under contract for deed, as defined in 70-20-115, of property in connection with which a claim of existing right has been filed within the decreed basin.

(d) In the Powder River basin, the water judge shall serve by mail a notice of availability of the temporary preliminary decree, ~~or~~ preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree to each person or to that person's successor as documented in the department's records, who has filed a declaration of an existing right.

(e) The water judge shall enclose with a notice required under subsections (1)(b) through (1)(d) an abstract of the disposition of the claimed or declared existing right of a person identified in this section or that person's successor as documented in the department's records.

(f) The notice of availability required under this section must also be served upon:

(i) those issued or having applied for and not having been denied a permit to beneficially use water within the decreed basin pursuant to Title 85, chapter 2, part 3;

(ii) those granted a reservation within the decreed basin

pursuant to 85-2-316; or

(iii) other interested persons who request service of the notice from the water judge.

(g) When the water court provides notice to claimants of the opportunity to object, it shall include information explaining the right to appeal a water court decision as provided in 85-2-235.

(2) The clerk or person designated by the water judge to mail the notice shall make a general certificate of mailing certifying that a copy of the notice has been placed in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed to each party required to be served notice of the temporary preliminary decree or preliminary decree. The certificate is conclusive evidence of legal notice of entry of decree.

(3) Notice of the availability of a preliminary decree or a supplemental preliminary decree must also be published at least once each week for 3 consecutive weeks in at least three newspapers of general circulation that cover the water division or divisions in which the decreed basin is located. This notice must be provided before the final decree for the basin is issued.

(4) A person may obtain a copy of the temporary preliminary decree, or preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree upon payment of a fee of \$20 or the cost of printing, whichever is greater, to the water judge. The fee must be deposited in the state general fund."

{ Internal References to 85-2-232:
x85-2-233 x85-2-233 x85-2-237 x85-2-237 }

Section 8. Section 85-2-233, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-233. Hearing on decrees ~~or petition~~ -- procedure.

(1) (a) For good cause shown and subject to the provisions of subsection (9), a hearing must be held before the water judge on any objection to a temporary preliminary decree, a preliminary decree, or ~~a petition for judicial determination under 85-2-222~~ by supplemental preliminary decree by:

(i) the department;

(ii) a person named in the temporary preliminary decree, ~~or preliminary decree,~~ or supplemental preliminary decree;

(iii) any person within the basin entitled to receive notice under 85-2-232(1); or

(iv) any other person who claims rights to the use of water from sources in other basins that are hydrologically connected to the sources within the decreed basin and who would be entitled to receive notice under 85-2-232 if the claim or claims were from sources within the decreed basin.

(b) For the purposes of this subsection (1), "good cause shown" means a written statement showing that a person has an ownership interest in water or its use that has been affected by the decree.

(c) A person does not waive the right to object to a preliminary decree by failing to object to a temporary preliminary decree issued before March 28, 1997. However, a person may not raise an objection to a matter in a preliminary decree if that person was a party to the matter when the matter

was previously litigated and resolved as the result of an objection raised in a temporary preliminary decree unless the objection is allowed for any of the following reasons:

(i) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect;

(ii) newly discovered evidence that by due diligence could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b), Montana Rules of Civil Procedure;

(iii) fraud, misrepresentation, or other misconduct of an adverse party;

(iv) the judgment is void; or

(v) any other reason justifying relief from the operation of the judgment.

(d) After March 28, 1997, a person may not raise an objection or counterobjection to a matter contained in a subsequent decree issued under this part if the matter was contained in a prior decree issued under this part for which there was an objection and counterobjection period unless the objection is allowed for any of the following reasons:

(i) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect;

(ii) newly discovered evidence that by due diligence could not have been discovered at the close of the objection period set forth in subsection (2);

(iii) fraud, misrepresentation, or other misconduct of an adverse party;

(iv) the temporary preliminary decree is void; or

(v) any other reason justifying relief from the operation of the prior decree issued under this part. The fact that a prior

owner of a water right did not object or counterobject at a prior decree stage may not be a basis for a subsequent owner of the water right to object or counterobject absent a finding that one of the provisions in this subsection (1)(d) applies.

(2) Objections must be filed with the water judge within 180 days after entry of the temporary preliminary decree, ~~or preliminary decree,~~ or supplemental preliminary decree. The water judge may, for good cause shown, extend this time limit up to two additional 90-day periods if application for an extension is made prior to expiration of the original 180-day period or any extension of it.

(3) Upon expiration of the time for filing objections under subsection (2), the water judge shall notify each party whose claim received an objection that an objection was filed. The notice must set forth the name of each objector and must allow an additional 60 days for the party whose claim received an objection to file a counterobjection to the claim or claims of the objector. Counterobjections must be limited to those claims that are included within the particular decree issued by the court.

(4) Objections and counterobjections must specify the paragraphs and pages containing the findings and conclusions to which objection is made. The request must state the specific grounds and evidence on which the objections are based.

(5) (a) Upon expiration of the time for filing counterobjections under subsection (3), the water judge shall notify each party named in the temporary preliminary decree, ~~or~~

preliminary decree, or supplemental preliminary decree or that person's successor as documented in the department records and shall notify the attorney general that objections and counterobjections have been filed. The water judge shall fix a day when all parties who wish to participate in future proceedings are required to appear or file a statement. The water judge shall then set a date for a hearing. The water judge may conduct individual or consolidated hearings. A hearing must be conducted in the same manner as for other civil actions. At the order of the water judge, a hearing may be conducted by the water master, who shall prepare a report of the hearing as provided in Rule 53(e), Montana Rules of Civil Procedure.

(b) In conducting hearings pursuant to this chapter, a water judge may require the parties to participate in settlement conferences or may assign the matter to a mediator. Any settlement reached by the parties is subject to review and approval by a water judge.

(6) (a) After the issuance of a temporary preliminary decree or preliminary decree, notice must be published once a week for 3 consecutive weeks in two newspapers of general circulation in the basin where the decree was issued for:

(i) a motion to amend a statement of claim that may adversely affect other water rights; or

(ii) a motion to amend a timely objection that may adversely affect other water rights; ~~or~~

~~(iii) a petition for judicial determination as provided for in 85-2-222.~~

(b) The notice must specify that any response or objection to the proposed amendment must be filed within 45 days of the date of the last notice.

(c) The water judge may order any additional notice of the motion as the water judge considers necessary.

(d) The costs of the notice required pursuant to this subsection must be borne by the moving party.

(7) Failure to object under subsection (1) to a compact negotiated and ratified under 85-2-702 or 85-2-703 bars any subsequent cause of action in the water court.

(8) If the court sustains an objection to a compact, it may declare the compact void. The agency of the United States, the tribe, or the United States on behalf of the tribe party to the compact is permitted 6 months after the court's determination to file a statement of claim, as provided in 85-2-224, and the court shall issue a new preliminary decree in accordance with 85-2-231. However, any party to a compact declared void may appeal from that determination in accordance with those procedures applicable to 85-2-235, and the filing of a notice of appeal stays the period for filing a statement of claim as required under this subsection.

(9) Upon petition by a claimant, the water court may grant a motion for dismissal to an objection to a temporary preliminary or preliminary decree if the objection pertains to an element of a water right that was previously decreed and if dismissal is consistent with common-law principles of issue and claim preclusion.

(10) The provisions of subsection (9) do not apply to issues arising after entry of the previous decree, including but not limited to the issues of abandonment, expansion of the water right, and reasonable diligence.

(11) All issue remarks, as defined in 85-2-250, must be finally resolved before the issuance of a final decree."

{ Internal References to 85-2-233:

x85-2-221	x85-2-222	x85-2-222	x85-2-234
x85-2-237	x85-2-237	x85-2-248	x85-2-248
x85-2-702	x85-20-1401	x85-20-1401	}

Section 9. Section 85-2-234, MCA, is amended to read:

"85-2-234. Final decree. (1) The water judge shall, on the basis of the preliminary decree and any supplemental preliminary decree, on the basis of any hearing that may have been held, and on final resolution of all issue remarks, as defined in 85-2-250, enter a final decree affirming or modifying the preliminary decree.

(2) The terms of a compact negotiated and ratified under 85-2-702 must be included in the final decree without alteration unless an objection is sustained pursuant to 85-2-233. However, the court may not alter or amend any of the terms of a compact except with the prior written consent of the parties in accordance with applicable law.

(3) The final decree must establish the existing rights and priorities within the water judge's jurisdiction of persons who have filed a claim in accordance with 85-2-221 and 85-2-222, of persons required to file a declaration of existing rights in the

Powder River basin pursuant to an order of the department or a district court issued under sections 8 and 9 of Chapter 452, Laws of 1973, ~~of any judicial determinations made pursuant to 85-2-222,~~ and of any federal agency or Indian tribe possessing water rights arising under federal law, required by 85-2-702 to file claims.

(4) The final decree must establish, in a form determined to be appropriate by the water judge, one or more tabulations or lists of all water rights and their relative priorities.

(5) The final decree must state the findings of fact, along with any conclusions of law, upon which the existing rights and priorities of each person, federal agency, and Indian tribe named in the decree are based.

(6) For each person who is found to have an existing right arising under the laws of the state of Montana, the final decree must state:

(a) the name and post-office address of the owner of the right;

(b) the amount of water included in the right, as follows:

(i) by flow rate for direct flow rights, such as irrigation rights;

(ii) by volume for rights, such as stockpond and reservoir storage rights, and for rights that are not susceptible to measurement by flow rate; or

(iii) by flow rate and volume for rights that a water judge determines require both volume and flow rate to adequately administer the right;

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- (c) the date of priority of the right;
- (d) the purpose for which the water included in the right is used;
- (e) the place of use and a description of the land, if any, to which the right is appurtenant;
- (f) the source of the water included in the right;
- (g) the place and means of diversion;
- (h) the inclusive dates during which the water is used each year;
- (i) any other information necessary to fully define the nature and extent of the right.

(7) For each person, tribe, or federal agency possessing water rights arising under the laws of the United States, the final decree must state:

- (a) the name and mailing address of the holder of the right;
- (b) the source or sources of water included in the right;
- (c) the quantity of water included in the right;
- (d) the date of priority of the right;
- (e) the purpose for which the water included in the right is currently used, if at all;
- (f) the place of use and a description of the land, if any, to which the right is appurtenant;
- (g) the place and means of diversion, if any; and
- (h) any other information necessary to fully define the nature and extent of the right, including the terms of any compacts negotiated and ratified under 85-2-702.

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(8) Clerical mistakes in a final decree may be corrected at any time on the initiative of the water judge or on the petition of any person who possesses a water right. The water judge shall order the notice of a correction proceeding that the judge determines to be appropriate to advise all persons who may be affected by the correction. An order of the water judge making or denying a clerical correction is subject to appellate review."

{ *Internal References to 85-2-234:*

x85-2-141	x85-2-141	x85-2-222	x85-2-231
x85-20-401	x85-20-601	x85-20-701	x85-20-801
x85-20-901	x85-20-901	x85-20-901	x85-20-901
x85-20-901	x85-20-901	x85-20-901	x85-20-901
x85-20-901	x85-20-1001	x85-20-1101	x85-20-1201
x85-20-1301	x85-20-1401	x85-20-1401	x85-20-1401
x85-20-1501	x85-20-1501	}	

- END -

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